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2019 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

		Anchor	Water	Assou	iation	Inc	
			Public Water S	•	ne		
			036000				
		List PWS ID #s for	r all Community W	ater Syster	ms included in th	is CCR	
a Cor must reque	nsumer Confidence be mailed or delivent. Make sure you	e Report (CCR) to its c ered to the customers,	ustomers each year published in a new cedures when distr	r. Depending spaper of the ibuting the	ing on the population, CCR. You mu	ation serve or provide st email, f	to develop and distribute d by the PWS, this CCR ed to the customers upon ax (but not preferred) or
	Customers were	informed of availabi	•				bill or other)
		Advertisement in	n local paper (Att	ach copy	of advertiseme	nt)	
		☐ On water bills (A	Attach copy of bil	ll)			
		☐ Email message (Email the messa	ge to the d	address below)		
		☐ Other					
	Date(s) custon	ners were informed:	/ /2020		/ /2020		/2020
	CCR was distri	The state of the s	al Service or oth	her direct	delivery. Mus	st specify	other direct delivery
	Date Mailed/L	Distributed:/	/				
	CCR was distrib	outed by Email (<i>Ema</i>	il MSDH a copy))	Date Emailed:	/	/ 2020
		☐ As a URL	- Kpille see selle see				(Provide Direct URL)
		☐ As an attachmer	nt	25			
		☐ As text within th	ne body of the em	ail messa	ge		
	CCR was publis	shed in local newspap	er. (Attach copy	of publish	hed CCR <u>or</u> pro	of of pub	lication)
	Name of New	spaper: To	e oxford	d Ea	agle		
		d: 5/20/ 20					
		d in public places. (A		ions)	Date P	osted:	/ / 2020
	CCR was posted	d on a publicly access	sible internet site	at the foll	owing address:		
							(Provide Direct URL)
I here above and c of He	e and that I used dis correct and is consist calth, Bureau of Pub	stribution methods allow tent with the water quali dic Water Supply	red by the SDWA. ty monitoring data p	I further ce	ertify that the info the PWS officials	ormation in s by the Mi	rm and manner identified cluded in this CCR is true ssissippi State Department
		er Secretary	4		5/21/	2020	
Nam	e/Title (Board Press	ident, Mayor, Owner, Ad	dmin. Contact, etc.)				Date
		Submi	ssion options (Sel	lect one me	ethod ONLY)		
	Mail: (U.S. I MSDH, Burea P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 3	u of Public Water Sup)	oply		Fax: (601) 5 **Not a preference	576 - 7 8 00	

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Anchor Water Association PWS#: 0360002 May 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Anchor Water Association have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bill McGregor, President at 662.513.6006. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Monday of each month at 5:30 PM at the Anchor Water Office.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2019. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and-petroleum-production, and-can-also-come from-gas-stations-and-septic-systems; radioactive-contaminants; which-can-be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

TEST RESULTS									
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination	

10. Barium	N	2019	.0025	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2019	.9	No Range5	ppb	100		Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2015/17*	.2	0	ppm	1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2019	.116	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfecti Chlorine	on By	Products	1.3	.7 – 1.8	ppm	0	MRDL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes
Unregula	ted Co	ntamina	nts					
Sodium	N	2019	49000	47000 - 49000	PPB	NONE	NONE	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Anchor Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

This report will not be mailed to individual customers, however you may obtain a copy from our office.

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Anchor Water Association PWS#: 0360002 May 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best affect. Our water source is from wells drawing

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16, Fluoride	N	2019	.116	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2015/17*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	By-Prod	ucts						
Chlorine	N	2019	1.3	.7 – 1.8	ppm	0	MDRL =4	Water additive used to contro microbes
Unregulated	Contami	nante						
Sodium	N	2019	49000	47000 - 49000	PPB	NONE	NONE	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2019.

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